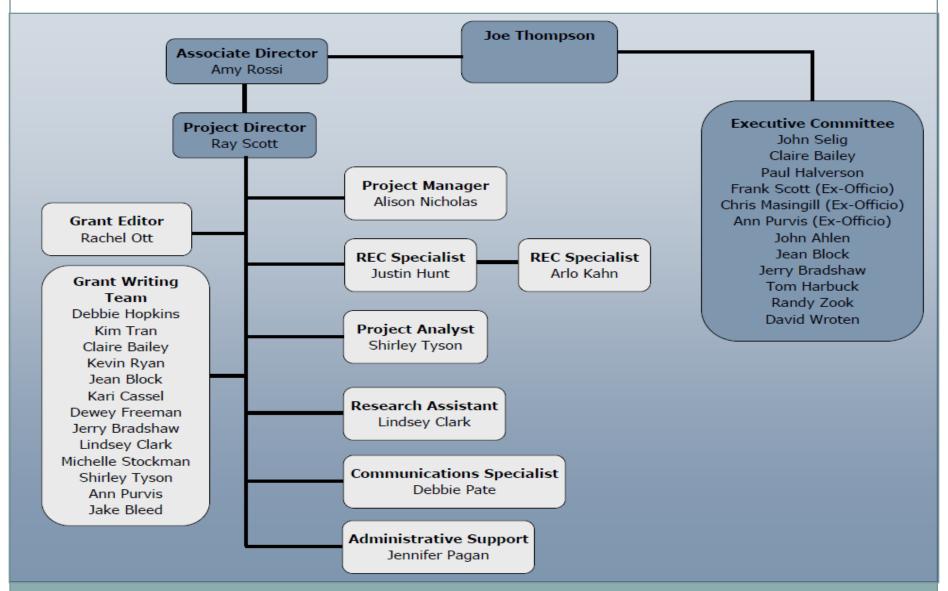
Arkansas Health Information Technology Taskforce Meeting

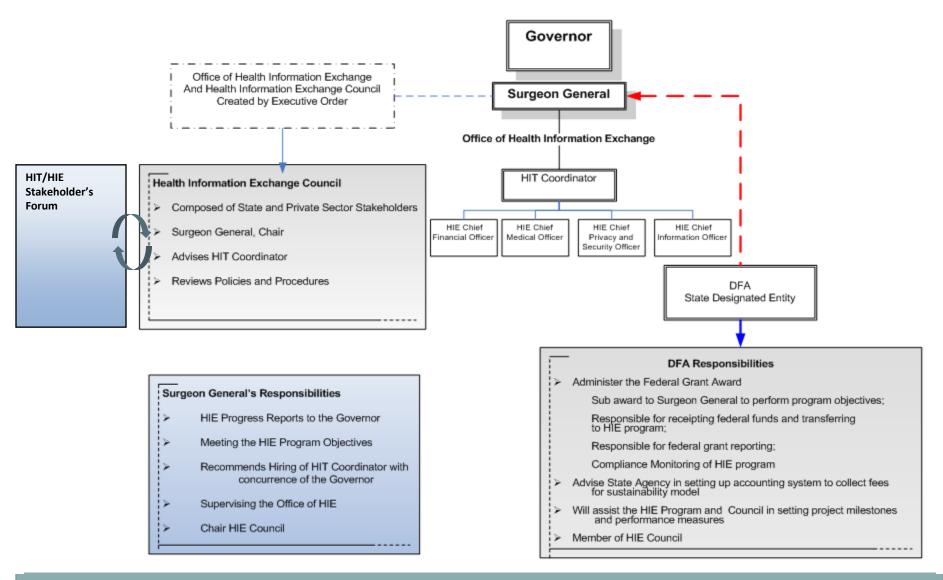
DR. JOSEPH THOMPSON
SURGEON GENERAL
OCTOBER 07, 2009
FRED W. SMITH CONFERENCE CENTER
JACKSON T. STEPHENS SPINE AND
NEUROSCIENCES INSTITUTE (UAMS)
10:00 AM TO 12:00 PM

HIE Grant Development Project Organization Chart

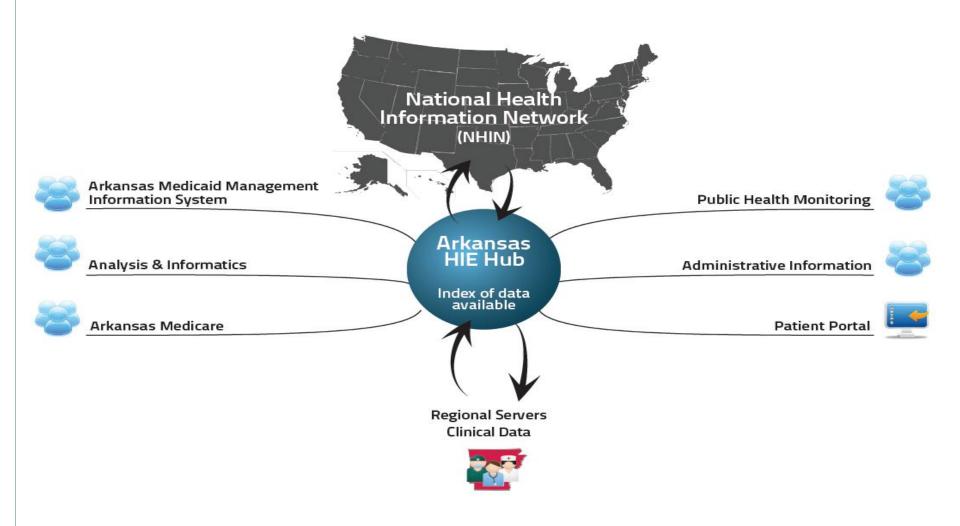


Arkansas Health Information Exchange Project: 2009

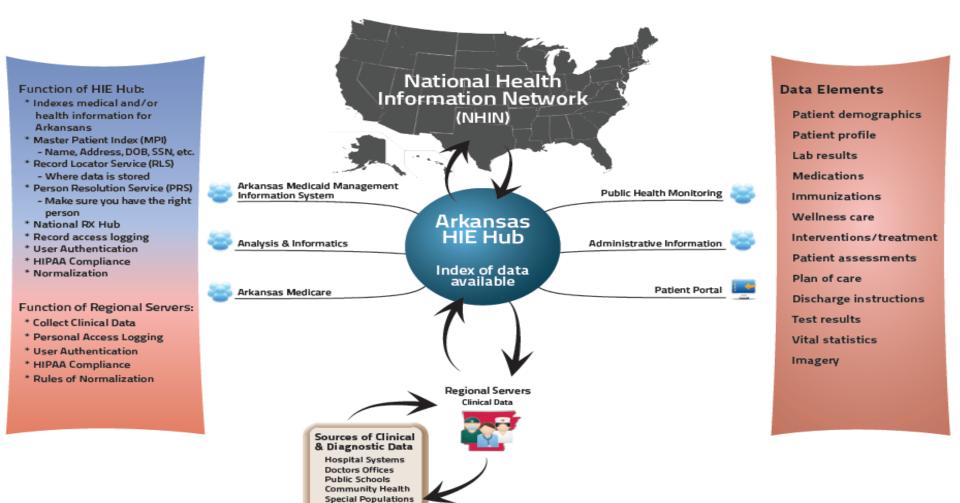
Governance Model



Technical Infrastructure Domain



Health Information Exchange Functionality



September 25, 2009 Revision 2

Trauma System Prisons

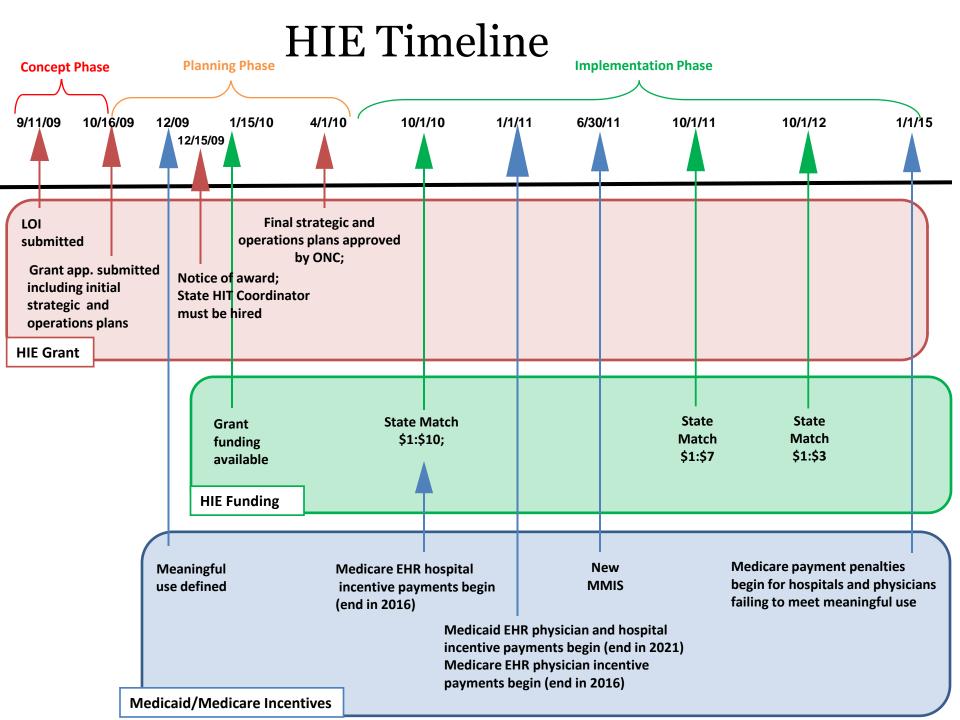
Health Information Exchange

Issues/Concerns

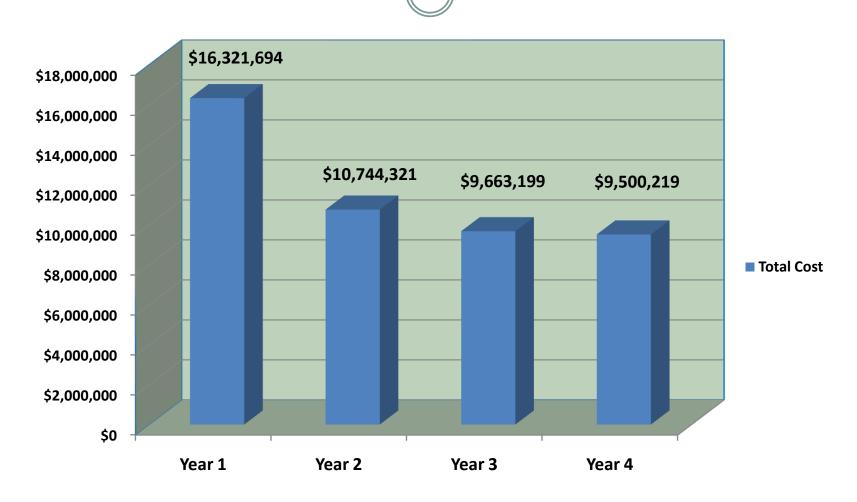
- Data/information security for vulnerable or "special" populations
- Patient/consumer data falling into unwanted hands
- Lack of training and resources to providers for instituting HIE

Response/Reconciliation

- Privacy and Security section dedicated to ensuring data security protocols
- Consent to data sharing agreements and informed consent included in the Privacy and Security
- HIE activity will work in tandem with REC to ensure resources are made available to providers as needed



Finance Domain



*Preliminary budget numbers only; subject to revision during planning phase.

Funding Sources

Related Funds

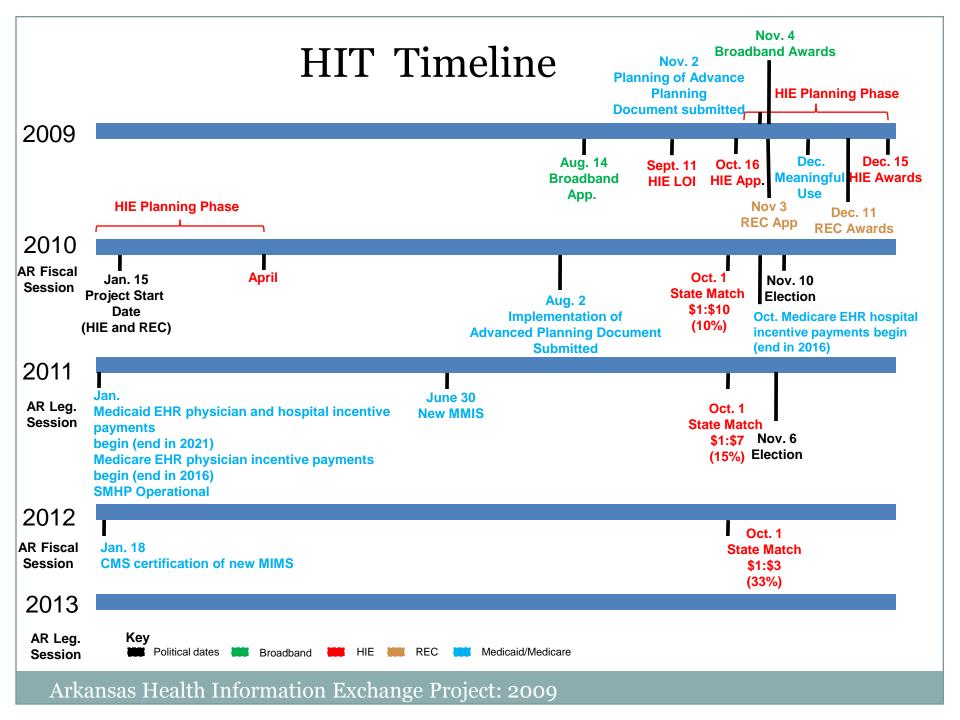
- o REC (~\$20m)
- Provider Incentives (~\$455m)
- Broadband Grant (~\$50m)

HIE Implementation

- HIE Grant (\$7.9M)
- Medicaid/MMIS (?)
- Non-HIT Economic stimulus (?)
- State Source (?)

Sustainability (TBD)

- o Medicaid/MMIS
- o User Fees: e.g. Health providers, CHCs, DOH, provider
- Alternative revenue sources: e.g. Per capita fees



Five 'Essential' Domains

To realize HIE states need to plan, implement and evaluate activities across five essential domains:

Domain

- Governance
- Finance
- Technical Infrastructure
- Business and Technical Operations
- Legal/Policy

Summary

- Convening stakeholders and creating trust and consensus on an approach for statewide HIE and to provide oversight and accountability of HIE to protect the public interest
- Identification and management of financial resources necessary to fund health information exchange.
- The architecture, hardware, software, applications, network configurations and other technological aspects that physically enable the technical services for HIE in a secure and appropriate manner.
- Operational and management activities including procurement, identifying requirements, process design, functionality development, project management, help desk, systems maintenance, change control, program evaluation, and reporting.
- Legal and policy frameworks with which HIE is administered including and privacy security requirements, data sharing agreements, federal and state laws and regulations, and multi-state policy harmonization activities.